

# Sovereign Cloud Stack

Open Source Cloud & Container Stack for Gaia-X

## How does it work?

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2021-08-17

Gefördert durch:

# Status Quo & Sovereign Cloud Stack vision

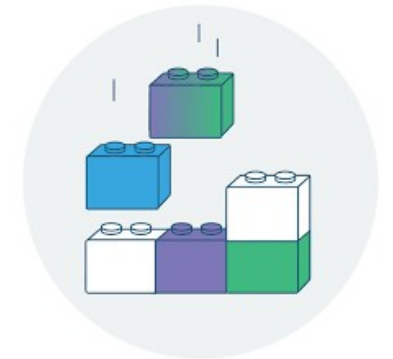
## Hyperscalers dominate the cloud market

- Dependencies (economic, strategic, legal challenges) → digitization barrier
- Centralized control over platforms and data access
- Control and Value creation outside Europe



## Open Source Building blocks available for alternatives

- Many mostly disconnected efforts in many companies, research institutes and some CSPs to build & run their own stacks
- Operating such a dynamic distributed platform well is very hard
- Every team solves curation, integration, testing, automation, certification, operations on their own (duplicated efforts)
- Many somewhat incompatible disconnected offerings, don't sum up to a viable alternative

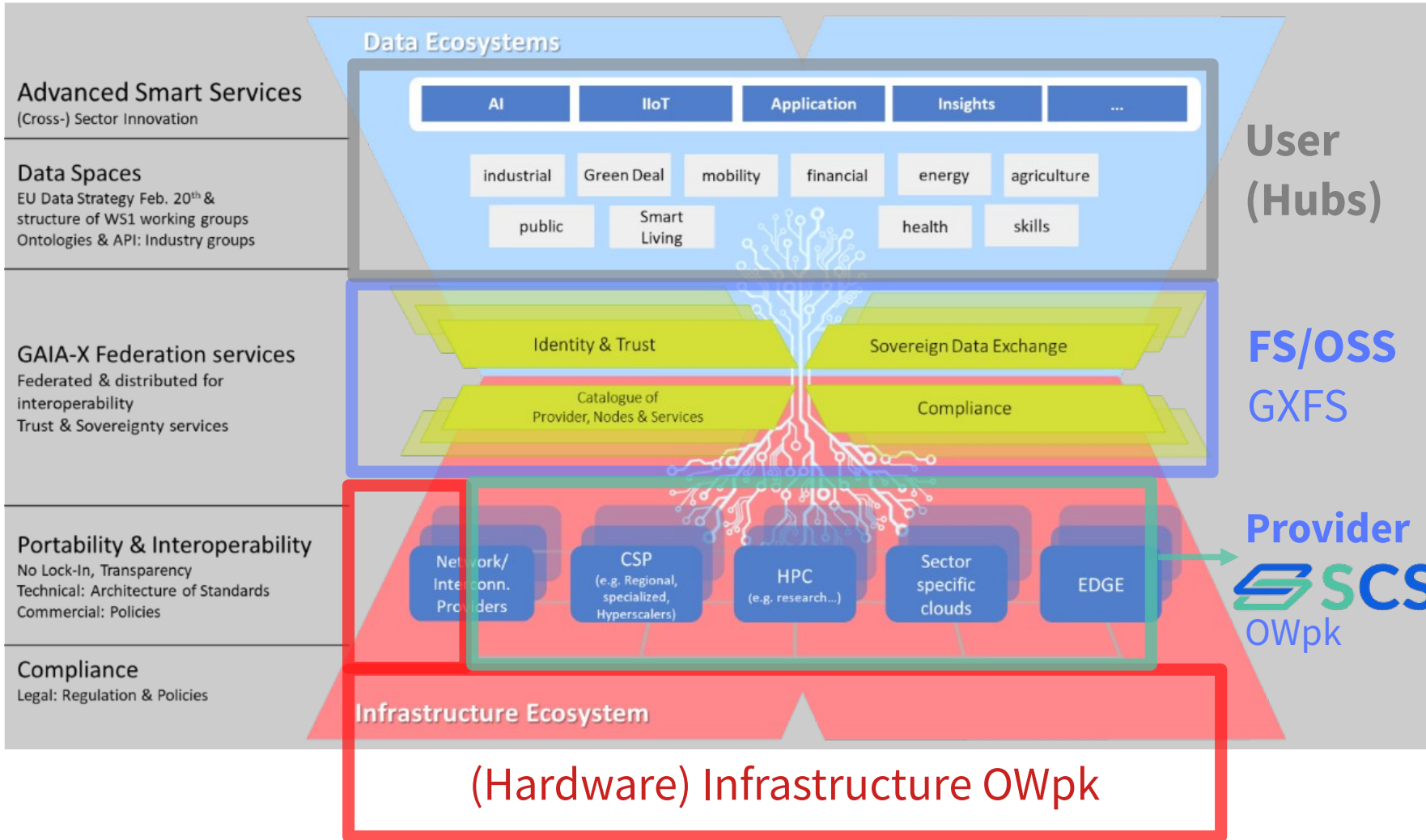


## Sovereign Cloud Stack creates a network of many of these teams

- Define and implement the stack together as open source (in an open community process) and also tackle operational topics together (“Open Operations”)
- Certifiable standardized interfaces
- Make it easy for users to federate clouds



# Gaia-X Conceptual Map



Gaia-X's mission is to strengthen digital sovereignty for business, science, government and society by empowering the development of innovation ecosystems. Digital sovereignty means that these individuals, organizations and communities stay in complete control over stored and processed data and are enabled to decide independently who is permitted to have access to it.

Source: (w/o frames)

[https://www.data-infrastructure.eu/GAIA/Redaktion/EN/Publications/gaia-x-the-european-project-kicks-of-the-next-phase.pdf?\\_\\_blob=publicationFile&v=7](https://www.data-infrastructure.eu/GAIA/Redaktion/EN/Publications/gaia-x-the-european-project-kicks-of-the-next-phase.pdf?__blob=publicationFile&v=7)

# SCS Goals & Vision

## Standardization

- Of the offered interfaces (compatibility for users)
- Operator – Focus: Configuration, Operations Tooling, Continuous Ops Processes
- Create scale advantages for all



## Certification

- Verifiable Compatibility/Interoperability, Quality, Security



## Transparency

- Completely Open Source Software, Open Community, Open Design and Development
- Open Ops: Configuration, Operational Processes and Operations Knowledge (new!)
- GAIA-X Self-Descriptions



## Sustainability

- Long-term existence of SCS
- Contribute back to existing upstream projects
- Efficient usage of resources



## Federation

- Network of federated, compatible providers is better than monolithic structure
- Allows for specialization and differentiation



=> Relevance as one federated platform

# SCS value to Gaia-X ecosystem

SCS provides one viable option to provide trustable, secure and fully sovereign infrastructure (IaaS/CaaS/KaaS/PaaS)

- Full technology control (fully open source, design, open development, open community)
- Can be implemented in-house or by CSP (and be federated – if wanted)
- SCS works within Gaia-X to help define standards and ensure compliance, deliver SD templates



## Helping to validate Gaia-X

- Working closely with GXFS to validate concepts and implementation

## Standardization Value (for providers that chose to comply with SCS)

- SCS defined IaaS/CaaS/KaaS/PaaS standards can be more precise/specific (less inclusive) than Gaia-X rules – technical decisions that make a difference to DevSecOps teams
- Providers can choose to only use a subset of SCS implementation (or even none of it) and still fulfill all relevant SCS compliance tests
- Ecosystem value – services developed and tested against one SCS implementation working on all.

## Implementation Value (for providers that chose to use most of SCS implementation)

- Providers can choose to use most or all of SCS
- Saving a lot of work for architecture, curation, planning, implementation, testing by collaborating
- Benefitting a lot from shared operational practices, tools and encouraged Ops collaboration
- Commoditizing the lower layers of infrastructure



# SCS project status

## Organization

- Project team started in early 2020 with SPRIN-D funding
- Part of GAIA-X (WS2/SWG 1.4 → GAIA-X (Open) Work Package SCS under TC Provider WG)
- BMWi funding (14.9M€ granted on 2021-06-30 to OSB Alliance e.V., hosting the team to coordinate partners)
- Homepage (<https://scs.community/>), source code on github/SovereignCloudStack
- Lined up ~25 engineers (growing) from partners regularly contributing code/artifacts, weekly sprints

## Standardization & Ecosystem

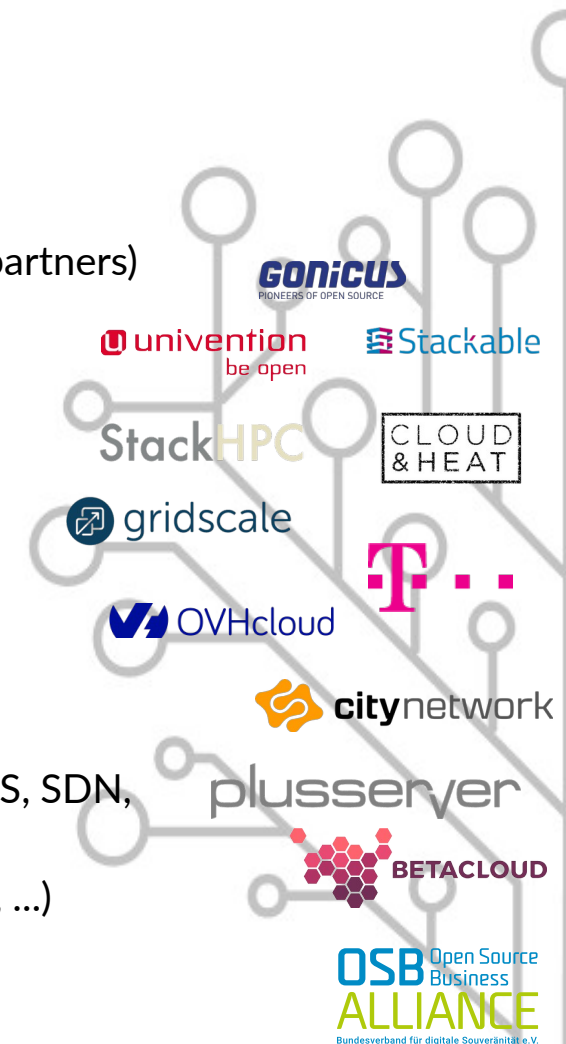
- Working with existing providers: Betacloud Solutions, PlusServer, CityNetwork, T-Systems, Cloud&Heat, gridscale, StackHPC, OVH, IONOS, intel, HiSolutions ...
- Working with industry (private clouds @ e.g. automotive, HPC)
- Working with public sector IT providers (DVS, dataport, BWI, ... - Germany)

## Implementation

- Automated deployment of federatable IAM, Ops Tooling (LCM, Monitoring, CI, Security, telemetry), SDS, SDN, IaaS (OpenStack) – **daily deployments (CI/CD) on virtual environments (city, plus, ...)**
- KaaS is WIP (k8s cluster API + Gardener), CNI+CSI, Container tooling (helm, mesh, registry, monitoring, ...)
- **Future: PaaS => ecosystem, develop standardized base in 2022 („SCS-3“)**
- **Future: Edge specific work (realtime, accelerators, simplifications) => 2022 („SCS-2“)**
- Release Plan: R0: 7/2021 (delayed by funding delay), R1: 9/2021, R2: 3/2022, R3: 9/2022, ...

## Transparency & Certification

- GAIA-X self descriptions created 11/2020 (rudimentary) – working with SD group on improving
- TBD: Convert chosen standards (all open source!) into automated standards compliance tests



# SCS Roadmap

## Releases

- Release 0: (2021-07-14)
  - Fully automated Infra, IaaS, Ops automation (CI/CD, Monitoring, Patching), local IAM
  - Technical Preview for Container Stack (k8s cluster API, incl. CNI/CSI, helm)
- Release 1: (9/21)
  - Container Stack in production quality, container registry
  - Federation (OIDC, SAML)
- Half-yearly releases (3/22, 9/22, 3/23, 9/23, 3/24, 9/24):
  - Multi-region setups, Security scanning, Security Certifications, CI coverage (for daily updates!), Compliance test coverage (automated certification), SSI/DID federation, X-Cloud Orchestration, Service Mesh, ...



## Adoption

- Public Clouds: Betacloud Solutions (2020), PlusCloud Open (12/2020), ....
- Industry Partners: (Automotive, Commerce, ...)
- Public Sector: DVS – looking for pilot / PoC partners

## Ecosystem

- Building skilled support, implementation, training partners
- Platform services on top of well-defined SCS standards

## SCS-2: Edge (project proposal WIP)

- Even smaller simplified stacks (limited multitenancy), but w/ special acceleration / realtime requirements

## SCS-3: PaaS&Dev (project proposal WIP)

- Integrate set of Platform services and Dev Tooling into standard SCS base

# Security by Design

## Using strong isolation for container clusters

- Different tenants receive their own Kubernetes clusters; by default, no cluster sharing happens
- Underlying VMs, network, storage are separated by strong virtualization barriers

## Private registry for users

- Make it easy for DevOps teams to enforce their own security vetting processes and control their supply chain
- Vulnerability scanning included in registry solution

## Daily patching supported

- The architecture is built for daily patching (or redeployment) without noticeable customer impact
- This creates a practice of keeping the systems up to date especially with respect to security patches

## Secure Operational practices

- Document updating, patching, security response, ... processes to help with secure operations

## Air gap mode supported

- Deploying and updating without internet connection possible
- Leveraging an internal registry and patch distribution mechanism (includes vulnerability scanning)

## Certification

- Budget for security certifications (BSI) with partners
- Pen testing planned (and budget allocated)

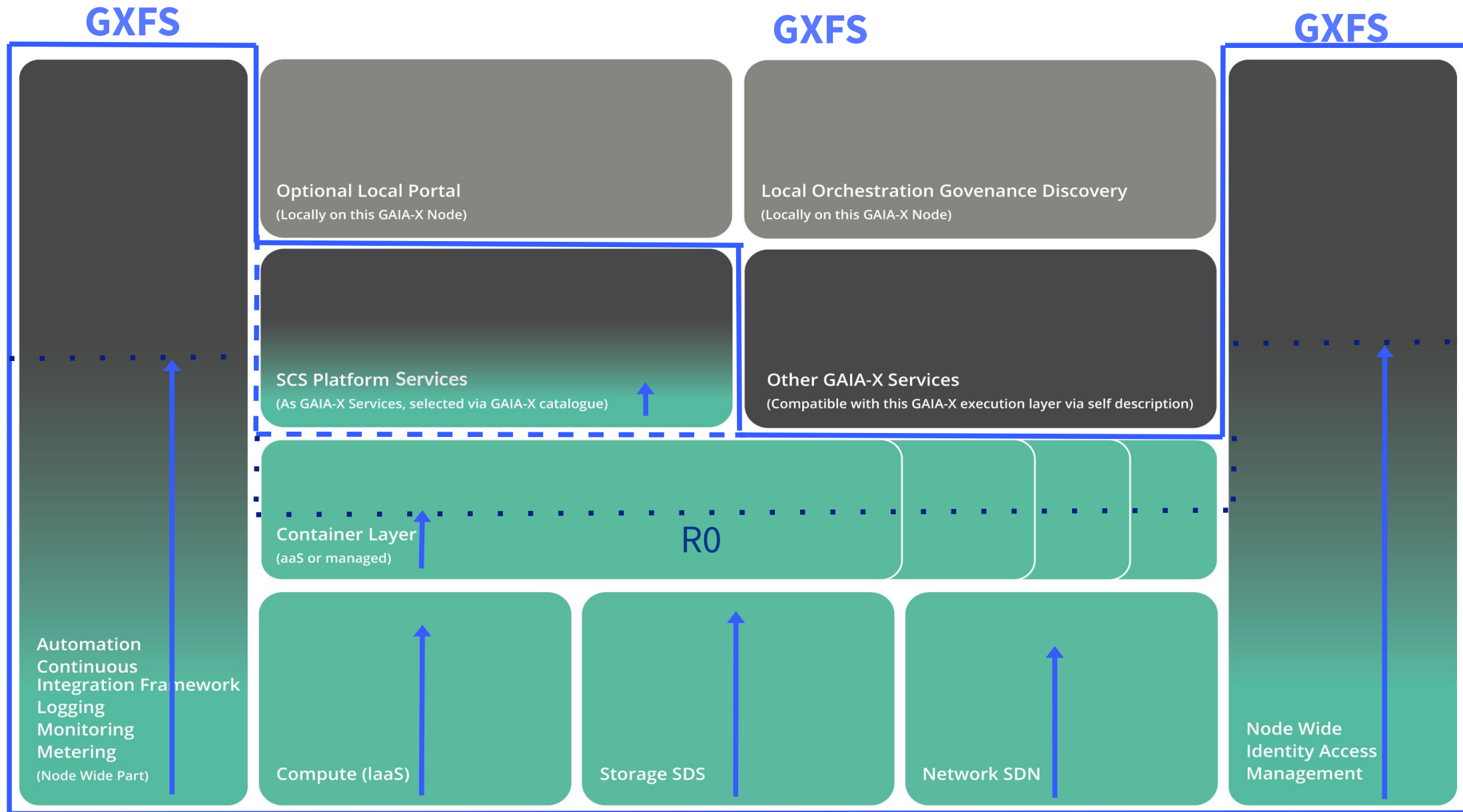
## Supply chain security

- Work with researchers on further improving supply chain security (reproducible builds, scanning, ...)

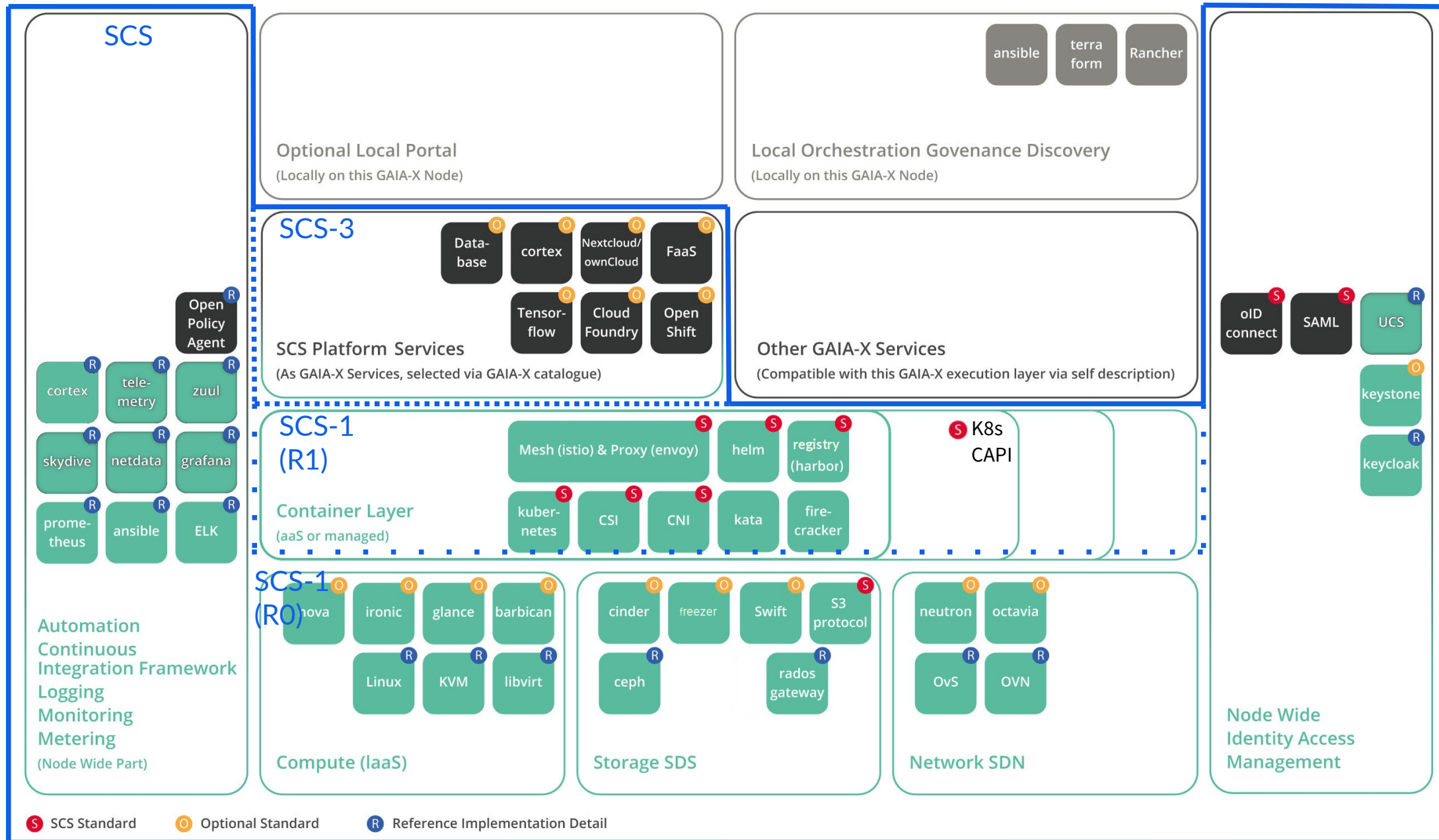




# Building the SCS architecture bottom up



# SCS Architecture (current status)





# Beyond SCS (“SCS-1”) ...

SCS-2 and -3 build on top of SCS-1 (SCS-2 replacing a few pieces), but don't require SCS-0 to be complete.

SCS-3: (6/22?-): TBD

**PaaS focus**

- \* DB, Big Data
- \* AI/ML
- \* FaaS
- \* Dev Tooling
- \* Collaboration

IPCEI  
Green  
CIS

SCS-2: (5/22-) TBD

**Edge focus**

- \* Simplified/ Reduced IaaS
- \* Acceleration
- \* Massive Feder. (incl. offline)
- \* Realtime

SCS-1: BMWi funded (7/21-9+/24):

**DC Private/Public Cloud focus**

- \* KaaS (incl. Container Tooling) (R1)
- \* Infra-Mgmt and IaaS (R0)
- \* Ops (Automation, Tooling, CI, ...)
- \* IAM (Federation, Roles, Sec)

# Inside SCS

Gefördert durch:



aufgrund eines Beschlusses  
des Deutschen Bundestages

OSB Open Source  
Business  
ALLIANCE  
Bundesverband für digitale Souveränität e.V.



# How does SCS succeed?

## Operator perspective

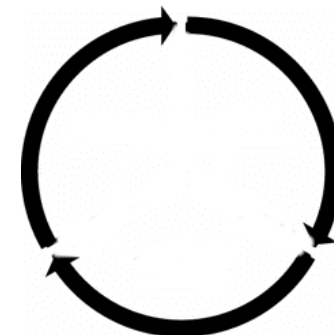
- Full-featured, open, federated, modular IaaS/KaaS platform
- High degree of automation for Operations - Tooling for installation, monitoring, lifecycle management, logging, CI, asset management, capacity management, ...
- Operational practices shared and published
- Differentiation with professional services, platform services, managed services
- Suitable as public cloud, private cloud, near edge cloud

## Customer perspective

- Choice and transparency on platform AND its operation
- Highly standardized IaaS platform (OpenStack plus SCS standards)
- Well-defined CNCFaaS platform (k8s, CNI, CSI, registry, sec, mesh/proxy, helm, ...)
  - Self-Service (KaaS with k8s cluster API) or Managed (CaaS)
- Standardization, network connectivity and identity federation allowing to easily use several SCS clouds as one
- Federation Services (from Gaia-X) provide standardized way for higher-level InterOp & Transparency

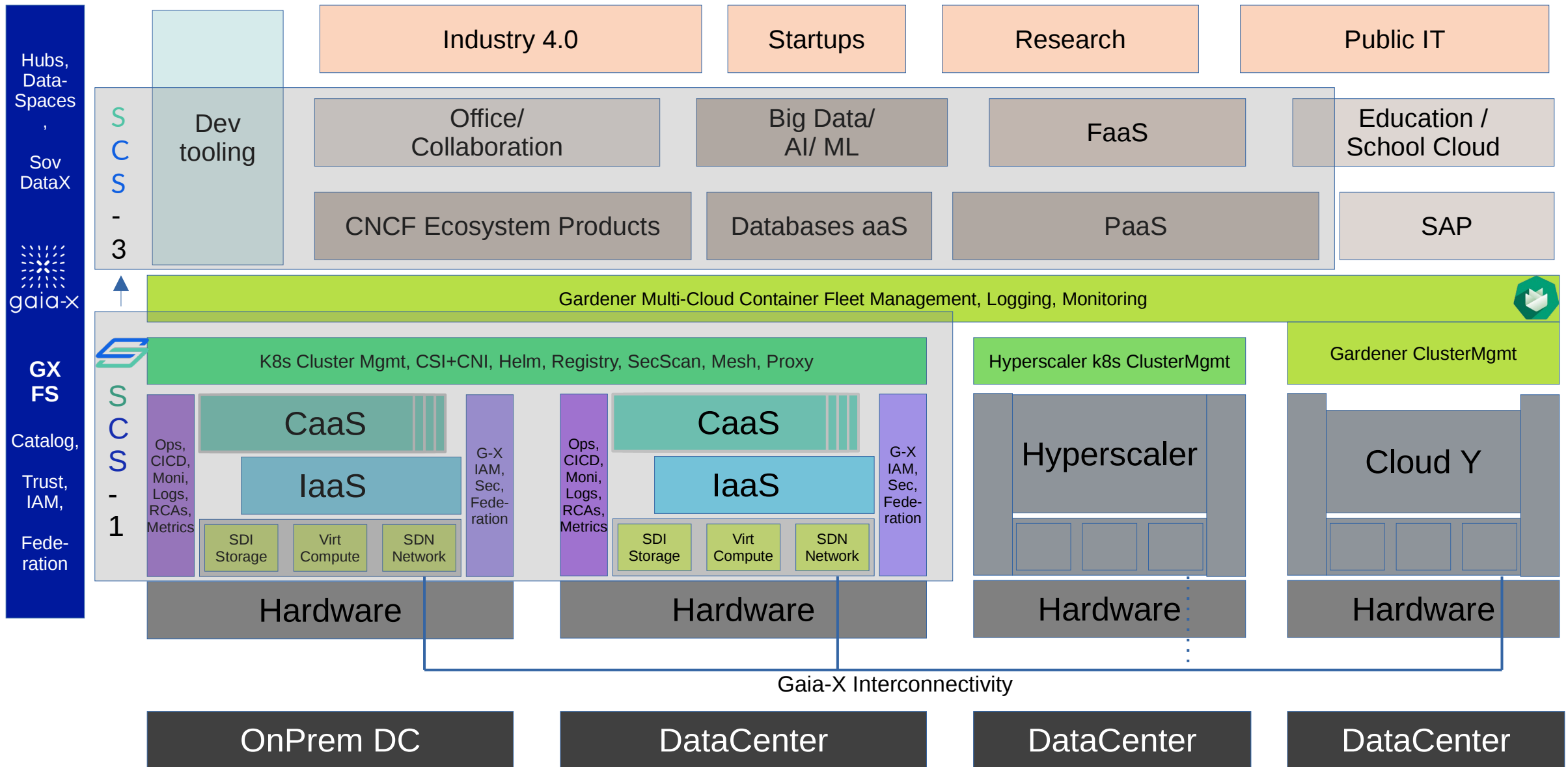
## Ecosystem perspective

- Viable ecosystem for training, prof. services, support
- Viable platform for tools, standard building blocks, solutions
- Availability of experts



# IT Ecosystem with GAIA-X

adapted from Acatech whitepaper





# Flow of automated deployment

(currently covering: Infra, IaaS, Ops, KaaS is WIP)

Physical SCS can of course host virtual SCS  
Nested virtualization support recommended



**Physical deployment**  
Production („Live“)

Server buying, racking, cabling

Kayobe/  
Ironic  
Netbox

Ansible: Setup Mgr, Nodes:  
- Infra: Database, MemCache, rabbitMQ  
- Infra: ceph+radosgw, OvS/OVN  
- OpsTooling: ARA, ELK, netdata, prometheus, patchman  
- IaaS: OpenStack Core (nova, keystone, ...) - kolla  
- KaaS (WIP): k8s cluster API, CNI, CSI, registry, helm  
- Validation (WIP): Smoke tests, confest, RefStack, OPA

**Virtual (testbed) deployment**

Dev, Testing / CI („Ref/Test“)  
Demo, Explore, Debug, ...

Bootstrap:  
terraform  
(on IaaS)

Ansible: Setup Mgr, Nodes:  
- Infra: Database, MemCache, rabbitMQ  
- Infra: ceph+radosgw, OvS/OVN  
- OpsTooling: ARA, ELK, netdata, prometheus, patchman  
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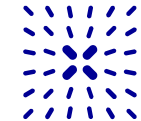
<https://github.com/OSISM>

<https://docs.osism.de/>

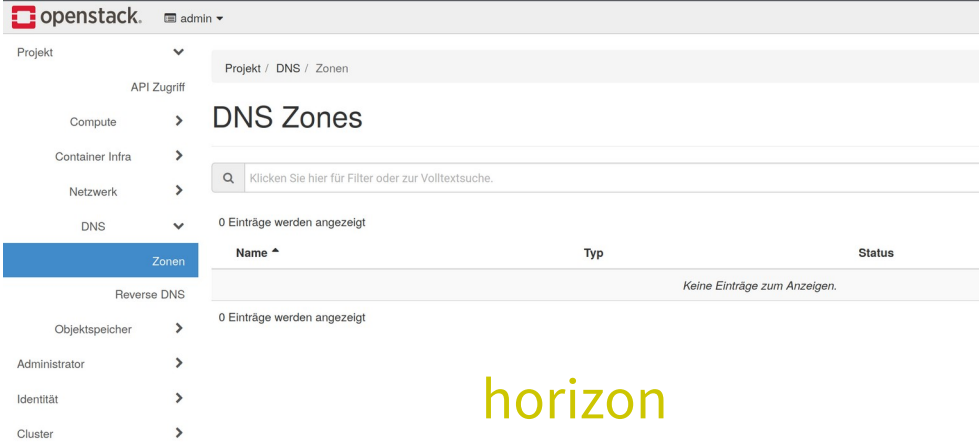
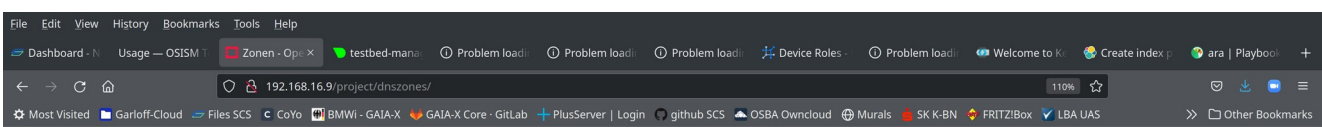
<https://docs.osism.de/testbed/>

<https://github.com/OSISM/testbed>

<https://github.com/SovereignCloudStack/Docs>



# How does it look? (Customer perspective)



horizon

```

os152-kurt 0:0:~ - "linux@os152:~"
~
apiVersion: v1
kind: ServiceAccount
metadata:
  name: csi-cinder-controller-sa
  namespace: kube-system
---
# external attacher
kind: ClusterRole
apiVersion: rbac.authorization.k8s.io/v1
metadata:
  name: csi-attacher-role
rules:
- apiGroups: [""]
  resources: ["persistentvolumes"]
  verbs: ["get", "list", "watch", "update", "patch"]
- apiGroups: [""]
  resources: ["nodes"]
  verbs: ["get", "list", "watch"]
- apiGroups: ["storage.k8s.io"]
  resources: ["volumeattachments"]
  verbs: ["get", "list", "watch", "update", "patch"]
- apiGroups: ["storage.k8s.io"]
  resources: ["csinodes"]
  verbs: ["get", "list", "watch"]
---
kind: ClusterRoleBinding
apiVersion: rbac.authorization.k8s.io/v1
metadata:
  name: csi-attacher-binding
subjects:
- kind: ServiceAccount
  name: csi-cinder-controller-sa
  namespace: kube-system
roleRef:
  kind: ClusterRole
  name: csi-attacher-role
  apiGroup: rbac.authorization.k8s.io

```

API

REST APIs for DevOps teams (Infra-as-Code)

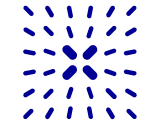
```

Context: testcluster-admin@testcluster
Cluster: testcluster
User: testcluster-admin
K9s Rev: 0.23.3 [21498]
K8s Rev: v1.20.9

```

NAMESPACE	NAME	PF	READY	RESTARTS	STATUS	IP
capi-kubeadm-bootstrap-system	capi-kubeadm-bootstrap-controller-manager-5cc9cff4c7-gb8gn	●	2/2	0	Running	10.244...
capi-kubeadm-control-plane-system	capi-kubeadm-control-plane-controller-manager-db4f74598-62vtg	●	2/2	0	Running	10.244...
capi-system	capi-controller-manager-6c4f5d4ff4-mdrsz	●	2/2	0	Running	10.244...
capi-webhook-system	capi-controller-manager-7c6cb974cc-bxf8n	●	2/2	0	Running	10.244...
capi-webhook-system	capi-kubeadm-bootstrap-controller-manager-7c69f8ff5b-wlvps	●	2/2	0	Running	10.244...
capi-webhook-system	capi-kubeadm-control-plane-controller-manager-f65c4c87c-ntqhq	●	2/2	0	Running	10.244...
capi-webhook-system	capo-controller-manager-746f9999cc-w2jrk	●	2/2	0	Running	10.244...
capo-system	capo-controller-manager-bb94f8766-2xb56	●	2/2	0	Running	10.244...
cert-manager	cert-manager-56b88dc89-44ldg	●	1/1	0	Running	10.244...
cert-manager	cert-manager-cainjector-755fb6b5fb-9xqgg	●	1/1	0	Running	10.244...
cert-manager	cert-manager-webhook-76b9bb6f69-lgj2p	●	1/1	0	Running	10.244...
kube-system	coredns-6955765f44-7nc89	●	1/1	0	Running	10.244...
kube-system	coredns-6955765f44-q9s7s	●	1/1	0	Running	10.244...
kube-system	csi-cinder-controllerplugin-0	●	5/5	0	Running	10.244...
kube-system	csi-cinder-nodeplugin-pmx48	●	2/2	0	Running	172.17...
kube-system	etcd-kind-control-plane	●	1/1	0	Running	172.17...
kube-system	kindnet-g4qp2	●	1/1	74	Running	172.17...
kube-system	kube-apiserver-kind-control-plane	●	1/1	0	Running	172.17...
kube-system	kube-controller-manager-kind-control-plane	●	1/1	0	Running	172.17...
kube-system	kube-proxy-dkx4z	●	1/1	112	Running	172.17...
kube-system	kube-scheduler-kind-control-plane	●	1/1	0	Running	172.17...
kube-system	openstack-cloud-controller-manager-2vqjs	●	1/1	0	Running	172.17...
local-path-storage	local-path-provisioner-7745554f7f-4r8l2	●	1/1	0	Running	10.244...

K9s (CAPI)



# How does it look? (Operator perspective)

Some services like phpMyAdmin or OpenStackClient will still run afterwards.

### Webinterfaces

Name	URL	Username	Password
ARA	<a href="http://192.168.16.5:8120">http://192.168.16.5:8120</a>		
Ceph	<a href="http://192.168.16.9:7000">http://192.168.16.9:7000</a>		
Cockpit	<a href="https://192.168.16.5:8130">https://192.168.16.5:8130</a>		
Horizon	<a href="http://192.168.16.9">http://192.168.16.9</a>		
Keycloak	<a href="http://192.168.16.5:8170">http://192.168.16.5:8170</a>		
Kibana	<a href="http://192.168.16.9:5601">http://192.168.16.9:5601</a>		
Netbox	<a href="http://192.168.16.5:8121">http://192.168.16.5:8121</a>		
Netdata	<a href="http://192.168.16.5:19999">http://192.168.16.5:19999</a>		
Patchman	<a href="http://192.168.16.5:8150">http://192.168.16.5:8150</a>		
Skydive	<a href="http://192.168.16.5:8085">http://192.168.16.5:8085</a>		
phpMyAdmin	<a href="http://192.168.16.5:8110">http://192.168.16.5:8110</a>		

**Zuul**

Status Projects Jobs Labels Nodes Builds Buildsets

**System Overview**  
Overview of the key system metrics.

**Netdata**

**cpu**

Total CPU utilization (all cores). 100% here means there is no CPU idle time at all. You can get per core usage at the **CPUs** section and per application usage at the **Applications Monitoring** section. Keep an eye on **lowait** (0.40%). If it is constantly high, your disks are a bottleneck and they slow your system down. An important metric worth monitoring, is **softirq** (0.05%). A constantly high percentage of softirq may indicate network driver issues.

Total CPU utilization (system.cpu)

percentage

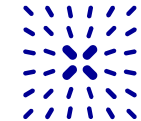
Di, 17. Aug. 2021 | 15:22:20

Pressure Stall Information identifies and quantifies the disruptions caused by resource contentions. The "some" line indicates the share of time in which at least some tasks are stalled on CPU. The ratios (in %) are tracked as recent trends over 10-, 60-, and 300-second windows.

CPU Pressure (system.cpu\_pressure)

Job	Project	Branch	Pipeli...	Change	Dur...	Start time	Result
✖ markdownlint	SovereignCloudStack/zuul-sandbox	main	gh_post	a6fe9d6	20 secs	2021-08-17 12:45:29	RETRY_LIMIT
⚠ markdownlint	SovereignCloudStack/zuul-sandbox	main	gh_post	a6fe9d6	19 secs	2021-08-17 12:45:09	RETRY
⚠ markdownlint	SovereignCloudStack/zuul-sandbox	main	gh_post	a6fe9d6	20 secs	2021-08-17 12:44:39	RETRY
✔ demo-job	SovereignCloudStack/zuul-sandbox	main	gh_post	a6fe9d6	15 secs	2021-08-17 12:44:39	SUCCESS





# How does it look? (Operator perspective)

The ARA interface displays a table of execution reports with columns for Status, Report Date, Duration, Hosts, Tasks, Results, Ansible version, Controller, Name (or path), CLI, and Labels. The table shows several successful runs of playbooks like 'generic-facts.yml' and 'kolla-prometheus.yml'.

Status	Report Date	Duration	Hosts	Tasks	Results	Ansible	Controller	Name (or path)	CLI	Labels
Success	17 Aug 2021 12:15:02 +0000	00:00:18.31	4	3	12	2.10.13	manager_osism-ansible_1.manager_default	/ansible/generic-facts.yml	remote_user:dragon	check:False, tags:all
Success	17 Aug 2021 11:28:41 +0000	00:01:38.74	4	27	86	2.10.12	manager_kolla-ansible_1.manager_default	/ansible/kolla-prometheus.yml	remote_user:dragon	check:False, tags:all
Success	17 Aug 2021 11:27:34 +0000	00:01:06.06	4	18	69	2.10.13	manager_osism-ansible_1.manager_default	/ansible/monitoring-netdata.yml	remote_user:dragon	check:False, tags:all
Success	17 Aug 2021 11:27:04 +0000	00:00:28.34	1	11	11	2.10.13	manager_osism-ansible_1.manager_default	/ansible/monitoring-openstack-health-monitor.yml	remote_user:dragon	check:False, tags:all
Success	17 Aug 2021 11:26:50 +0000	00:00:12.83	1	4	4	2.10.13	manager_osism-ansible_1.manager_default	...openstack/playbook-bootstrap-ceph-rgw.yml	remote_user:dragon	check:False, tags:all
Failure	17 Aug 2021 11:26:36 +0000	00:00:11.76	2	5	5	2.10.13	manager_osism-ansible_1.manager_default	...openstack/playbook-bootstrap-basic.yml	remote_user:dragon	check:False, tags:all
Success	17 Aug 2021 11:24:03 +0000	00:02:31.58	4	34	82	2.10.12	manager_kolla-ansible_1.manager_default	/ansible/kolla-designate.yml	remote_user:dragon	check:False, tags:all

The Keycloak Administration Console dashboard provides a central management interface for the Keycloak server. It includes links to the Administration Console, Documentation, Keycloak Project, Mailing List, and Report an issue.

The Kibana 'Create index pattern' page shows the configuration for a new index pattern. The 'Index pattern name' field contains 'flog-2021.08.17'. A message indicates that the current pattern matches only one source.

The Netbox 'Device Roles' page displays a table of configured roles for network devices and VMs. Roles include Ceph control node, Ceph resource node, Compute node, Control node, Generic node, Manager node, Monitoring node, and Network node.

Name	Devices	VMs	Color	VM Role	Description
Ceph control node	0	0	Orange	✓	—
Ceph resource node	0	0	Orange	✓	—
Compute node	0	0	Blue	✓	—
Control node	0	0	Blue	✓	—
Generic node	0	0	Black	✓	—
Manager node	0	0	Green	✓	—
Monitoring node	0	0	Green	✓	—
Network node	0	0	Blue	✓	—

Kibana

Netbox

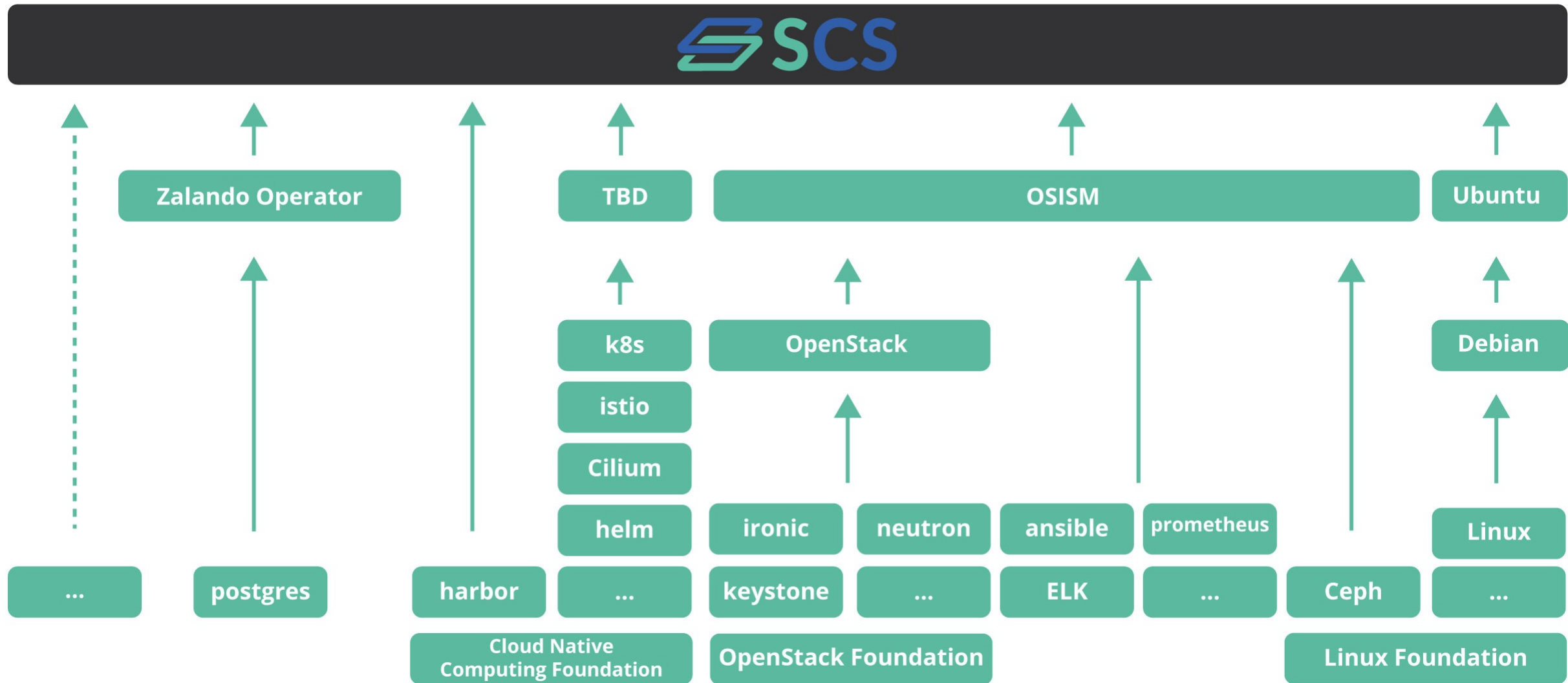
# Developing SCS

Gefördert durch:



aufgrund eines Beschlusses  
des Deutschen Bundestages

# How is it built? (SCS developer perspective)





# How is it developed?

## Upstream communities

- OIF: OpenStack, kolla-ansible, kayobe, zuul, ...
- CNCF: kubernetes, helm, harbor, openstack-capi-provider
- LF: Linux, KVM, ceph, ...
- OSISM: Integration, Ops tooling (<https://github.com/OSISM/>)

## SCS community

- <https://github.com/SovereignCloudStack/Docs>  
<https://scs.community/docs/contributor/>
- Contributions from providers, users, volunteers
- IP policy (Various FOSS licenses, Four Opens, DCO)
- Paid development via public tenders (BMWfunded): <https://scs.community/Tender/>
- Development performed in agile teams coordinated by POs (@OSBA)
- Align with upstream and contribute back

## Collaboration

- Weekly sprints: Sprint reviews, backlog refinement, sprint planning via weekly VC (Jitsi)
- Weekly team call (Thu afternoon, SCS Jitsi)
- Taskboard (nextcloud deck, trello-like)
- Github: Reviews, PRs, Issues
- Mailing list

# SCS ecosystem

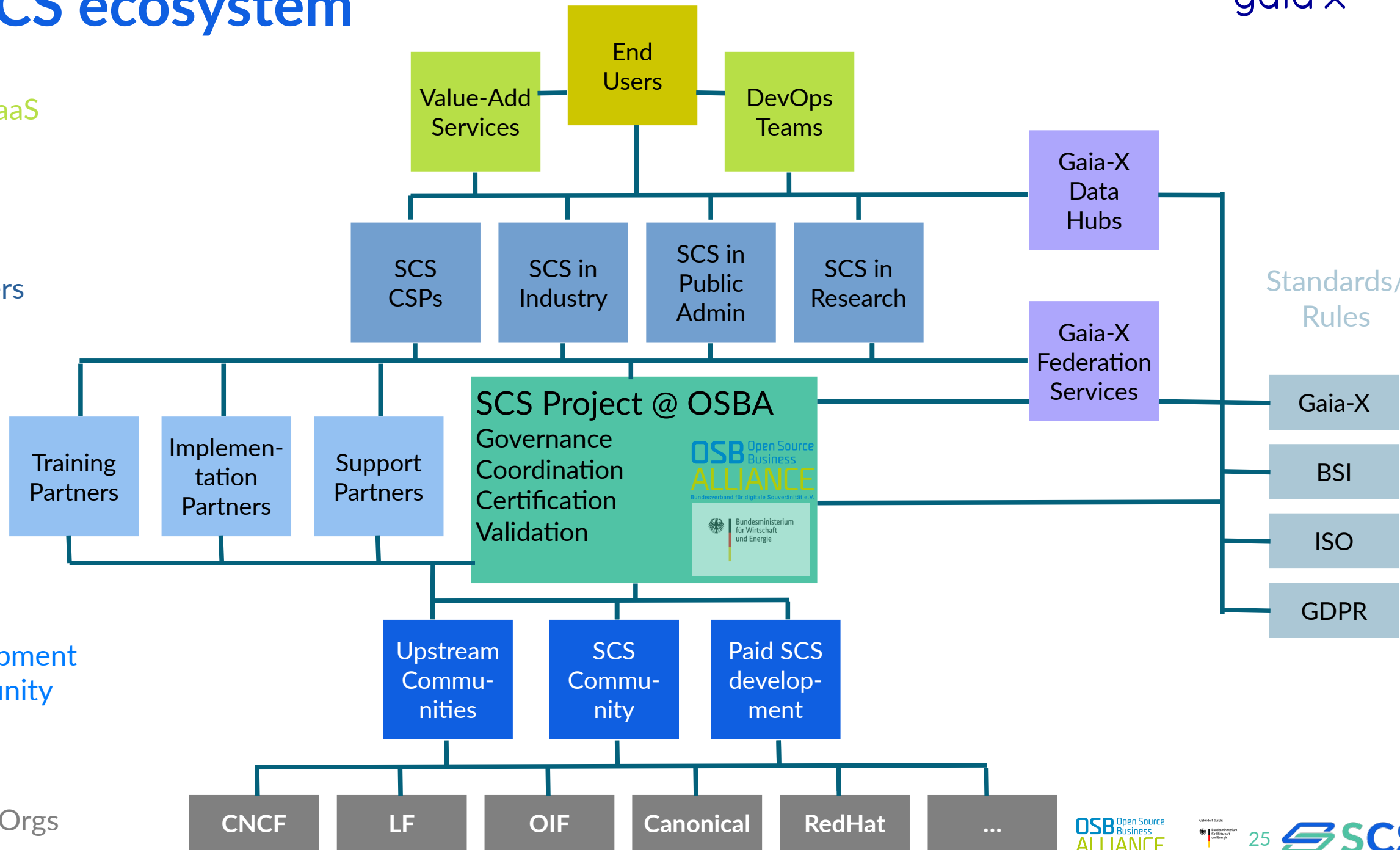
SaaS/PaaS

(Infra) Providers

Services

Development Community

Found/Orgs



# How to get started? How to join?

## Test testbed ...

- Virtual deployment of SCS for testing, exploring, demos, CI, ....
  - You need access to a reasonably vanilla OpenStack
  - OR: You can help us port the terraform recipes to VMware, AWS, ...
- Ask questions, raise issues, submit PRs (with DCO)

## Contribute upstream

### Join the SCS community

- Become a regular contributor ...
- Onboarding call to understand interests, needs, skills, contribution areas ...
- Participate in team call (Thu 15:00 CEST) and sprint reviews (Mon afternoon)
- Onboarding to nextcloud and mailing lists
- Participate in tenders

## Use SCS

- Create production setups for internal usage or as public clouds
  - Support available via partners (e.g. osism.tech)
  - Certification conformance tests in development
- Develop apps/services for SCS container/cloud platform (preferably with k8s operators)
- Become skilled to offer services around SCS (partner certification program in preparation)

# Discussion

# QUESTIONS?

## Test it!

Pilot project / Proof-of-concept

## Join us!

Team meeting on Thu, 15:00 CE(S)T

GAIA-X: <https://gaia-x.eu/>

SCS Project: <https://scs.community/>

EMail: [project@scs.sovereignit.de](mailto:project@scs.sovereignit.de), [garloff@osb-alliance.com](mailto:garloff@osb-alliance.com)

# Appendix

Gefördert durch:



aufgrund eines Beschlusses  
des Deutschen Bundestages

OSB Open Source  
Business  
ALLIANCE  
Bundesverband für digitale Souveränität e.V.



# Webpage

<https://scs.community/>

&

# github

[github/SovereignCloudStack](https://github.com/SovereignCloudStack)



The screenshot shows the homepage of the Sovereign Cloud Stack community website. At the top left is the logo for Sovereign Cloud Stack. Below it is a navigation bar with icons for home, mail, phone, and other services. The main content area features a list of roles and their locations, such as 'Alliances / Chief of staff (Mar 21, Berlin / Home Office)'. Below the list, there is a contact information section for Kurt Garloff and a note about hiring preferences. At the bottom, there is a section titled 'Supporting companies / organizations' which displays logos for various partners including 23Technologies, B1 SYSTEMS, BETA CLOUD SOLUTIONS, citynetwork, CLOUD & HEAT, dataport, dilossacon, GONICUS, gridscale, Open Infrastructure FOUNDATION, OSB Open Source Business ALLIANCE, OX, OVHcloud, plusseryer, SPRIN-D, and Stackable, among others.

The screenshot shows the GitHub repository page for SovereignCloudStack. The repository is titled 'testbed-gx-scs' and is described as 'GAIA-X Sovereign Cloud Stack (SCS) testbed'. It has 0 forks, 0 stars, 0 issues, and 0 pull requests, and was updated 9 days ago. Below this, there are three other repositories listed: 'website' (Base content for scs.community, 1 fork, 0 stars, 2 issues, 0 pull requests, updated 9 days ago), 'testbed' (Forked from osism/testbed, 5 forks, 2 stars, 0 issues, 0 pull requests, updated 10 days ago), and 'poc-gardener' (Automatically set up SAP Gardener on SCS compliant IaaS, 0 forks, 0 stars, 0 issues, 0 pull requests, updated 12 days ago). At the bottom, 'Design-Docs' and 'k8s-gatekeeper' are also listed.



# IP management in SCS

**Only accept OSI accepted open source licenses in implementation**

**Open Source health check**

- 4 opens (open license, community, development, design)
- active&diverse communities
- maintenance, maturity

**Use OSI licenses (ASL2, MIT, GPL, ...) of upstream projects**

- contribute back as much as possible
- prefer copyleft for own independent code (weak copyleft for interface code)

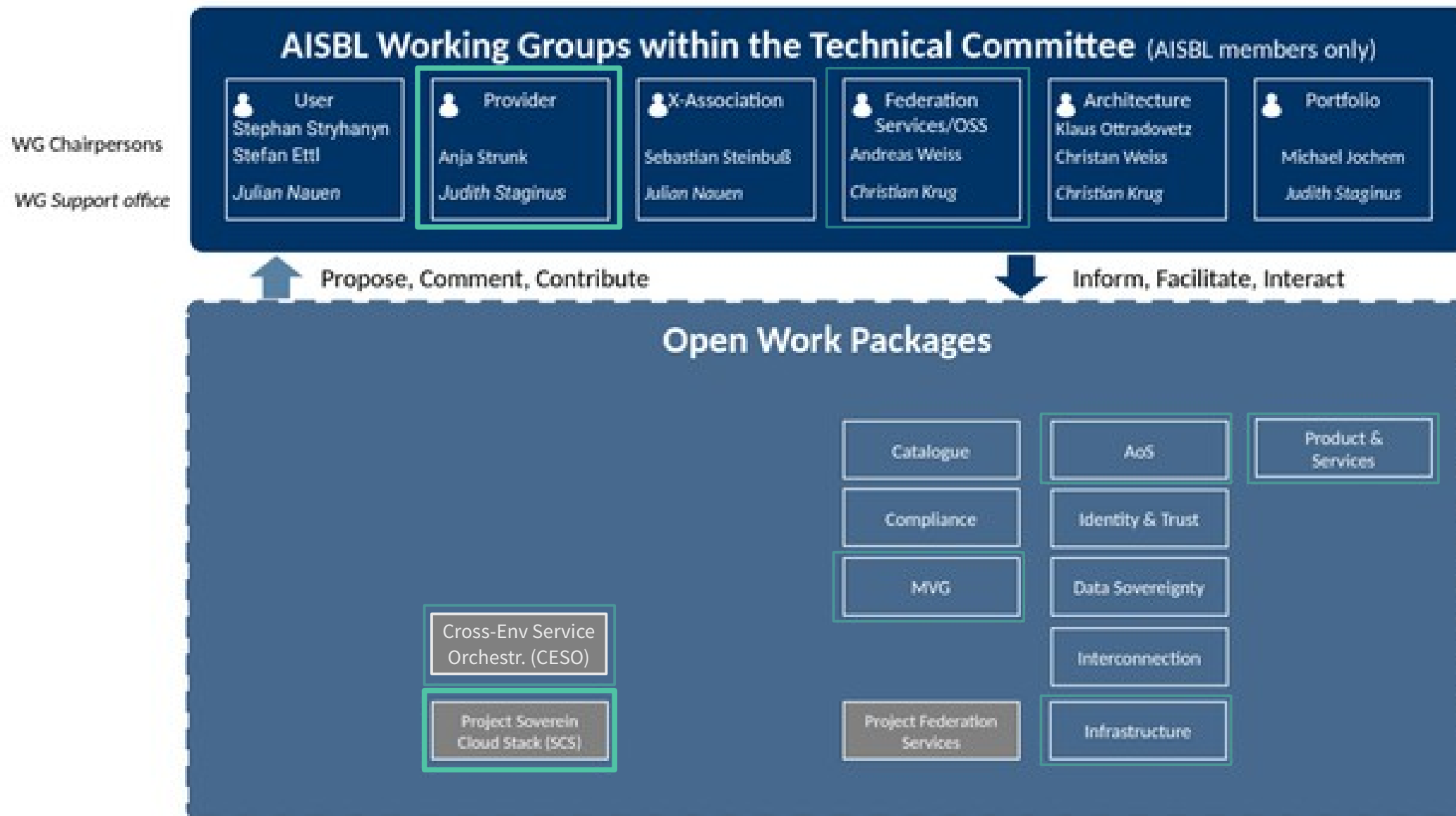
**Distributed copyright (like the Linux kernel)**

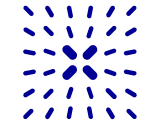
- Intentionally prevents dual licensing, license changes

**Use Digital Certificate of Origin (DCO, „signed-off-by“)**

- documenting willful contributions under accepted license terms
- enforced by pre-merge checks

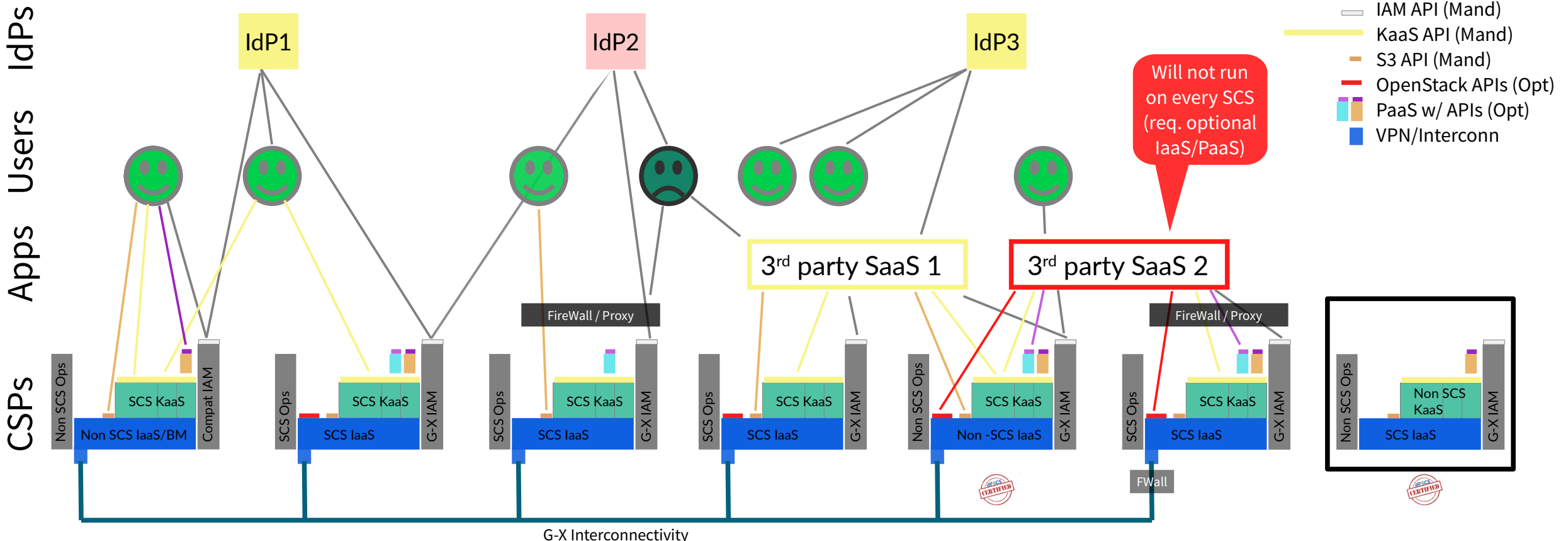
# GAIA-X Technical Committee and SCS





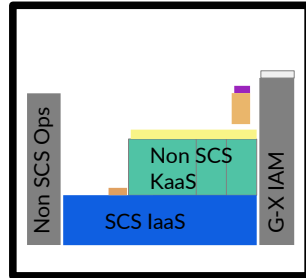
gaia-x

# CSP ecosystem target (examples)



- Legend: Standard SCS**
- IAM API (Mand)
  - KaaS API (Mand)
  - S3 API (Mand)
  - OpenStack APIs (Opt)
  - PaaS w/ APIs (Opt)
  - VPN/Interconn

Will not run on every SCS (req. optional IaaS/PaaS)



Prov1: (public)	Prov2: (public)	Prov3: (priv/comm)	Prov4: (public)	Prov5: (public)	Prov6: (priv/corp)	Prov7: (gov/mil)
Using preex IaaS or BM, not exposing IaaS, Non-Std Ops, Compat IAM	Standard SCS Ops, IaaS (exposed), IAM, KaaS, S3, PaaS 1+2	Extra protection (limit users/IdPs)	Standard SCS Ops, IaaS (exposed), IAM, KaaS, S3	Non-Standard Ops, IaaS (but certified & exposed as std)	Extra protection for Interconnect, limited federation	Air-Gap protected Own KaaS, but compatible (cert)
Standard SCS KaaS, S3, PaaS 2		Standard SCS Ops, IaaS (not exposed), IAM, KaaS, S3, PaaS 1		Standard SCS IAM, KaaS, S3, PaaS 1+2	Standard SCS Ops, IaaS (exp), IAM, KaaS, S3, PaaS 1+2	Still using std SCS Ops, IaaS (not exp), IAM, S3, PaaS 2

